

SAFETY DATA SHEET IRS2013 HARDENER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name IRS2013 HARDENER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Curing agent.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Intertronics

Unit 12a

Station Field Industrial Estate

Banbury Road Kidlington

Oxfordshire, OX5 1JD +44 (0)1865842842

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1285 712755 (Monday-Friday 8am-4.30pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Repr. 2 -

H361 STOT RE 1 - H372

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Supplemental label information

statements

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Contains 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine, TOFA, reaction products with TEPA, 3,6,9-

triazaundecamethylenediamine

Supplementary precautionary

precautionary P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

STOT RE 1 - H372 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine		50-70%
CAS number: 140-31-8	EC number: 205-411-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119471486-30-XXXX
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Skin Corr. 1B - H314		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Repr. 2 - H361		

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA 30-50%

CAS number: 68953-36-6 EC number: 273-201-6

Classification

Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

1-5%

CAS number: 112-57-2 EC number: 203-986-2

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Maintain an open airway. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be

necessary. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of

medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if a large quantity has been ingested. Get

medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contaminated

clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Use suitable lotion to moisturise skin. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is

avoided. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and

throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the

respiratory tract.

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Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical

burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include

the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe

burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation.

Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has

been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very

toxic or corrosive gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Nitrous gases (NOx).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and

watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and

gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory

protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Corrosive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine (CAS: 140-31-8)

DNEL Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 20 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 3.3 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 0.04 mg/cm²

Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.006 mg/cm²
Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 21.4 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.6 mg/m³
Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 5.3 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 1.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.3 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Short term local effects: 0.02 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.7 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.003 mg/m²

Consumer - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.003 mg/cm²
Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.9 mg/m³

PNEC Fresh water; 0.058 mg/l marine water; 0.0058 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 215 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 21.5 mg/kg

Soil; 42.9 mg/kg STP; 250 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Laminate of polyethylene and ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVOH). Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Butyl rubber. Rubber (natural, latex). The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.

Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European

Standard EN140.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Amber.

Odour Characteristic. Irritating.

Initial boiling point and range <200°C Estimated value.

Flash point > 100°C Closed cup. Estimated value.

Relative density 0.99 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Slightly soluble in water.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid freezing. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Avoid the

accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with acids. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.

Oxides of carbon. Nitrous gases (NOx).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 816.99

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 497.29

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicityNone of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical

burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include

the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

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Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe

burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation.

Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) 2,097 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) 866 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

y -

Fertility - NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rabbit

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 53.5 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Toxicological effects No information available.

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) 3990 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >420 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)

Estimated value.

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Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 48 hours: >24 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours: >2 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - EC₅o, 2 hours: >500 mg/l, Nitrosomonas species

microorganisms Estimated value.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2,190 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 58 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

EC₅o, 2 hours: 511 mg/l, Nitrosomonas species

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Toxicity No information available.

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 420 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 24 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 72 hours: 2 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Persistence and

degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Persistence and

degradability

No data available.

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Persistence and

degradability

No data available.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Bioaccumulative potential Not determined: $log Kow \le 3$.

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Mobility No data available.

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Mobility No data available.

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Mobility No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvBThis product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

TOFA, reaction products with TEPA

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1760 UN No. (IMDG) 1760 UN No. (ICAO) 1760 UN No. (ADN) 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (N-Amindethylpiperzine Solution)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (N-Amindethylpiperzine Solution)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (N-Amindethylpiperzine Solution)

Proper shipping name (ADN) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (N-Amindethylpiperzine Solution)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C9

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III
IMDG packing group III
ICAO packing group III

ADN packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

Acute Tox. 4 - H312: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: Skin

Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: : Calculation method.

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 11/06/2020

Revision 8

Supersedes date 22/05/2018

SDS number 5168

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.